



Early Journal Content on JSTOR, Free to Anyone in the World

This article is one of nearly 500,000 scholarly works digitized and made freely available to everyone in the world by JSTOR.

Known as the Early Journal Content, this set of works include research articles, news, letters, and other writings published in more than 200 of the oldest leading academic journals. The works date from the mid-seventeenth to the early twentieth centuries.

We encourage people to read and share the Early Journal Content openly and to tell others that this resource exists. People may post this content online or redistribute in any way for non-commercial purposes.

Read more about Early Journal Content at <http://about.jstor.org/participate-jstor/individuals/early-journal-content>.

JSTOR is a digital library of academic journals, books, and primary source objects. JSTOR helps people discover, use, and build upon a wide range of content through a powerful research and teaching platform, and preserves this content for future generations. JSTOR is part of ITHAKA, a not-for-profit organization that also includes Ithaka S+R and Portico. For more information about JSTOR, please contact support@jstor.org.

CUBA.

Report from Habana—Inspection of vessels—Leprosy—House and water-deposit inspection—Stegomyia larvæ found.

Passed Assistant Surgeon Ames reports, September 25:

Week ended September 25.

Bills of health issued.....	19
Vessels inspected.....	14
Members of crews of outgoing vessels inspected.....	703
Passengers of outgoing vessels inspected.....	555

Sanitary conditions remain unchanged. A few cases of leprosy have been found at large in the city.

The city health officer reports, for the 10 days ended September 20, the detection of 40 deposits of larvæ, 22 of which were collections of *Stegomyia*.

During the same period the following transactions were reported by the district inspectors: 15,700 houses inspected and 9,827 possible mosquito-breeding places petrolized; 34,782 cans collected, 19,000 linear meters of ditching cleaned, and 2,284 square meters of land cleared of vegetation.

Report from Matanzas—Inspection of vessels—House and water-deposit inspection.

Acting Assistant Surgeon Nuñez reports, September 27:

Week ended September 25. Bills of health issued to 3 vessels clearing for United States ports in good sanitary condition.

For the 10 days ended September 20 the local sanitary department reports 3,498 houses inspected and mosquito larvæ found in 15 water containers.

Report from Santiago—Inspection of vessels—House and water-deposit inspection.

Acting Assistant Surgeon Wilson reports, September 22:

Week ended September 18. Bills of health issued to 6 vessels bound for the United States and its dependencies. No vessel fumigated.

No quarantinable disease reported. The sanitary department reports 1,469 houses inspected and larvæ found in 3 water deposits.

GUATEMALA.

Report from Puerto Barrios, fruit port—Stegomyia calopus present.

Acting Assistant Surgeon Ames reports as follows:

Week ended September 18. Present officially estimated population, 350. General sanitary condition of this port and the surrounding country during the week, good. *Stegomyia calopus* present.